

Designation: F1974 - 23

An American National Standard

Standard Specification for Metal Insert Fittings for Polyethylene/Aluminum/ Polyethylene and Crosslinked Polyethylene/Aluminum/ Crosslinked Polyethylene Composite Pressure Pipe¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F1974; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers metal insert fittings with split ring and compression nut (compression joint) and metal insert fittings with copper crimp rings (crimp joint) for four sizes of composite pressure pipe. These fittings are intended for use in 125 psi (690 kPa) cold- and hot-water distribution systems operating at temperatures up to and including 180 °F (82 °C). (When used in polyethylene/aluminum/polyethylene systems the maximum operating temperature is limited by the pipe to 140 °F (60 °C) and where applicable 180 °F (82 °C)). Included are the requirements for materials, workmanship, burst pressure, sustained pressure, excessive temperature and pressure, temperature cycling tests, and markings to be used on the fittings and rings. The fittings covered by this specification are intended for use in potable water distribution systems for residential and commercial applications, water service, underground irrigation systems, and radient panel heating systems, baseboard, snow- and ice-melt systems, and gases that are compatible with the composite pipe and fittings.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

Note 1—The tables show the "nominal size" in millimetres with the inch size in parentheses. This exception is made to harmonize the "nominal size" with the two pipe standards, Specifications F1281 and F1282.

1.3 The following precautionary caveat pertains only to the test method portion, Section 9, of this specification. This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

1.4 This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

B16/B16M Specification for Free-Cutting Brass Rod, Bar and Shapes for Use in Screw Machines

B36/B36M Specification for Brass Plate, Sheet, Strip, And Rolled Bar

B62 Specification for Composition Bronze or Ounce Metal Castings

B75/B75M Specification for Seamless Copper Tube

B134/B134M Specification for Brass Wire

B140/B140M Specification for Copper-Zinc-Lead (Red Brass or Hardware Bronze) Rod, Bar, and Shapes

B159/B159M Specification for Phosphor Bronze Wire

B283/B283M Specification for Copper and Copper-Alloy Die Forgings (Hot-Pressed)

B371/B371M Specification for Copper-Zinc-Silicon Alloy Rod

B584 Specification for Copper Alloy Sand Castings for General Applications

D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing

D1598 Test Method for Time-to-Failure of Plastic Pipe Under Constant Internal Pressure

D1599 Test Method for Resistance to Short-Time Hydraulic Pressure of Plastic Pipe, Tubing, and Fittings

D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics

D2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings

D2240 Test Method for Rubber Property—Durometer Hardness

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

E18 Test Methods for Rockwell Hardness of Metallic Materials

F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems

F1281 Specification for Crosslinked Polyethylene/ Aluminum/Crosslinked Polyethylene (PEX-AL-PEX) Pressure Pipe

F1282 Specification for Polyethylene/Aluminum/ Polyethylene (PE-AL-PE) Composite Pressure Pipe

2.2 ANSI Standards:³

B1.20.1 Pipe Threads General Purpose (Inch)

B16.18 Cast Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings

B16.22 Wrought Copper and Copper Alloy Solder Joint Pressure Fittings

2.3 Manufacturers Standardization Society Standard:⁴

SP-104 Wrought Copper LW Solder Joint Pressure Fittings

2.4 National Sanitation Foundation Standards:⁵

Standard No. 14 for Plastic Piping Components and Related Materials

Standard No. 61 for Drinking Water System Components - Health Effects

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions are in accordance with Terminology F412 and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology D1600, unless otherwise indicated.

4. Classification

4.1 This specification covers two classes of fittings, fittings with split ring and compression nut and fittings with a copper crimp ring, suitable for use with four sizes of PEX/AL/PEX or PE/AL/PE pipe that meets the requirements of Specifications F1281 and F1282 respectively.

5. Materials and Manufacture

- 5.1 *Fittings*—The fittings shall be made from one of the following metals.
- 5.1.1 Wrought Copper Fittings—Wrought copper fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification B75/B75M for one of the following coppers: copper UNS Nos. C10200, C10300, C10800, C12000, or C12200.
- 5.1.2 Cast Copper Alloy Fittings—Cast copper alloy fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification B584, copper alloy UNS C84400, C85700, C85710, or Specification B62, copper alloy UNS C83600. When fittings are assembled with copper insert fittings, the insert fittings shall comply with 5.1.1.
- 5.1.3 Cast Copper Alloy Valves—Cast copper alloy valves shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification B62 copper alloy UNS No. C83600 or Specification B584 copper alloy UNS Nos. C83800, C87850, or

³ Available from American National Standards Institute (ANSI), 25 W. 43rd St., 4th Floor, New York, NY 10036, http://www.ansi.org.

⁴ Available from Manufacturers Standardization Society of the Valve and Fittings Industry (MSS), 127 Park St., NE, Vienna, VA 22180-4602, http://www.mss-hq.org.

⁵ Available from NSF International, P.O. Box 130140, 789 N. Dixboro Rd., Ann Arbor, MI 48105, http://www.nsf.org.

C84400. When valves are assembled with copper insert fittings, the insert fittings shall comply with 5.1.1.

- 5.1.4 *Machined Brass Fittings*—Machined brass fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification B140/B140M Copper Alloy UNS No. C31400, or Specification B16/B16M, Copper Alloy UNS No. C36000, or Specification B62, Copper Alloy UNS No. C83600 or Specification B36/B36M, Copper Alloy UNS No. C23000, or Copper Alloy UNS No. C27450, or Specification B371/B371M, Copper Alloy UNS No. C69300.
- 5.1.5 Forged Brass Fittings—Forged brass fittings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification B283/B283M, Copper Alloy UNS No. C37700 or Specification B124, Alloy UNS No. C37700, Copper Alloy UNS No. C27450.
- 5.2 *Crimp Rings*—Crimp rings shall be made from copper UNS Nos. C10200, C12000, or C12200. The crimp rings shall have a minimum allowable hardness of 35 and a maximum allowable hardness of 45 on the Rockwell 15T scale when measured according to Test Methods E18.
- 5.3 Split Rings—Split rings shall be made from material meeting the requirements of Specification B140/B140M Copper Alloy UNS No. C31400, or Specification B16/B16M copper alloy UNS No. C36000, or Specification B159/B159M Copper Alloy UNS No. C51000 or Specification B134/B134M, UNS No. C27000 or Copper Alloy UNS No. C27450.
- 5.4 The O-rings used on the brass fittings to make a static seal shall be manufactured from ethylene propylene rubber (EPDM) or silicone rubber (Si), with a Shore A durometer between 60 and 70 when tested in accordance with ASTM Test Method D2240.

6. Performance Requirements

- 6.1 General—All performance tests shall be performed on assemblies of fittings and PEX/AL/PEX pipe. Fittings, split rings and crimp rings shall meet the material and dimensional requirements of this standard. PEX/AL/PEX pipe shall meet the requirements of Specification F1281. Assembly of test specimens shall be in accordance with either 8.1 or 8.2, as applicable. Each assembly shall contain at least one joint. Use separate sets of assemblies for each performance test requirement.
- 6.2 *Hydrostatic Burst*—Assemblies shall meet the minimum hydrostatic burst requirements shown in Table 1 when tested in accordance with 9.5.

TABLE 1 Minimum Hydrostatic Burst Strength Requirements for Fitting and PEX/AL/PEX Pipe Assemblies

Nominal PipeSize, mm (in.)		Minimum Burst Pressures at Different Temperatures				
		psi at	(kPa at	psi at	(kPa at	
		73.4 °F	23 °C)	180 °F	82.2 °C)	
1216	(1/2)	870	(6000)	580	(4000)	
1620	(5/8)	725	(5000)	550	(3800)	
2025	(3/4)	580	(4000)	465	(3200)	
2532	(1)	580	(4000)	465	(3200)	

- 6.3 Hydrostatic Sustained Pressure Strength—Pipe and fitting assemblies shall not separate or leak when tested in accordance with 9.6.
- 6.4 *Thermocycling*—Assemblies shall not leak or separate when thermocycled 1000 cycles between the temperatures of 60 °F (16 °C) and 180 °F (82 °C) in accordance with 9.7.
- 6.5 Excessive Temperature-Pressure Capability—Assemblies shall not leak or separate when tested in accordance with 9.8.

7. Dimensions

- 7.1 *Dimensions and Tolerances*—The dimensions and tolerances of fittings, split rings and crimp rings shall be as shown in Tables 2-4 when measured in accordance with 9.4.
- 7.1.1 *Alignment*—The maximum angular variation of any opening shall not exceed 1° off the true centerline axis.
- 7.1.2 Fittings with Solder Joint Ends—Solder joint ends shall be in accordance with ANSI B16.22, ANSI B16.18, or MSS SP-104.
- 7.1.3 *Tapered Threaded Ends*—Fitting threads shall be right-hand conforming to ANSI/ASME B1.20.1. They shall be taper threads (NPT).

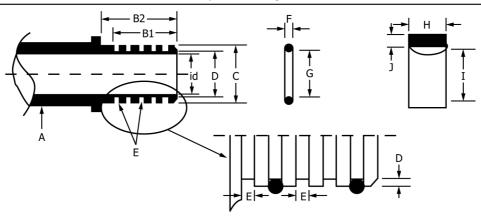
8. Workmanship, Finish, and Appearance

8.1 The sealing surfaces of the insert shall be smooth and free of foreign material. The fitting walls shall be free of

cracks, holes, blisters, voids, foreign inclusions or other defects that are visible to the naked eye and that affect the wall integrity.

- 8.1.1 *Assembly*—Insert fittings shall be joined to PE/AL/PE or PEX/AL/PEX pipe by the use of either a crimp joint or a compression joint.
- 8.1.2 *Crimp Joints*—Crimp insert fittings shall be joined to PE/AL/PE or PEX/AL/PEX pipe by the compression of a copper crimp ring around the outer circumference of the pipe forcing the pipe material into annular spaces formed by ribs on the fitting. The dimensions and out-of-roundness of the crimp ring after it has been crimped shall be in accordance with Table 5.
- 8.1.2.1 Crimping Procedure—To affix the insert fitting to the pipe with the crimp ring, the crimping procedure shall be as follows: slide the crimp ring onto the pipe, insert the ribbed end of the fitting into the end of the pipe until the pipe contacts the shoulder of the fitting or pipe stop. The crimp ring shall then be positioned on the pipe so the edge of the crimp ring is ½ to ¼ in. (3.2 to 6.4 mm) from the end of the pipe. The jaws of the crimping tool shall be centered over the crimp ring and the tool shall be held so that the crimping jaws are perpendicular to the axis of the barb. The jaws of the crimping tool shall be closed around the crimp ring, compressing the crimp ring onto the pipe. The crimp ring shall not be crimped more than once. Each

TABLE 2 Crimp Joint Fitting Dimensions



Dimension	1216	1620	2025	2532		
	½ in.	5⁄8 in.	3/4 in.	1 in.		
Α	Male and female copper solder on NPT thread ends refer to clauses 7.1.2 and 7.1.3. This end of the fitting may also be a part of a					
	coupling tee, 90° elbow or other adapter.					
id	0.334 in.	0.452 in.	0.610 in.	0.807 in.		
	±0.008 in.	±0.008 in.	±0.008 in.	±0.008 in.		
B1	0.591 in.	0.591 in.	0.591 in.	0.591 in.		
	±0.025 in.	±0.025 in.	±0.025 in.	±0.025 in.		
B2	0.650 in.	0.650 in.	0.650 in.	0.650 in.		
	±0.050 in.	±0.050 in.	±0.050 in.	±0.050 in.		
С	0.482 in.	0.620 in.	0.781 in.	0.998 in.		
	±0.004 in.	±0.004 in.	±0.004 in.	±0.004 in.		
D	0.406 in.	0.543 in.	0.701 in.	0.902 in.		
(bottom of groove)	±0.004 in.	±0.004 in.	±0.004 in.	±0.004 in.		
E	0.067 in.	0.067 in.	0.067 in.	0.079 in.		
	±0.005 in.	±0.005 in.	±0.005 in.	±0.005 in.		
F	0.059 in.	0.059 in.	0.059 in.	0.071 in.		
	±0.003 in.	±0.003 in.	±0.003 in.	±0.003 in.		
G	0.315 in.	0.409 in.	0.567 in.	0.764 in.		
	±0.008 in.	±0.008 in.	±0.008 in.	±0.008 in.		